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Urban Heritage and Sense of Place







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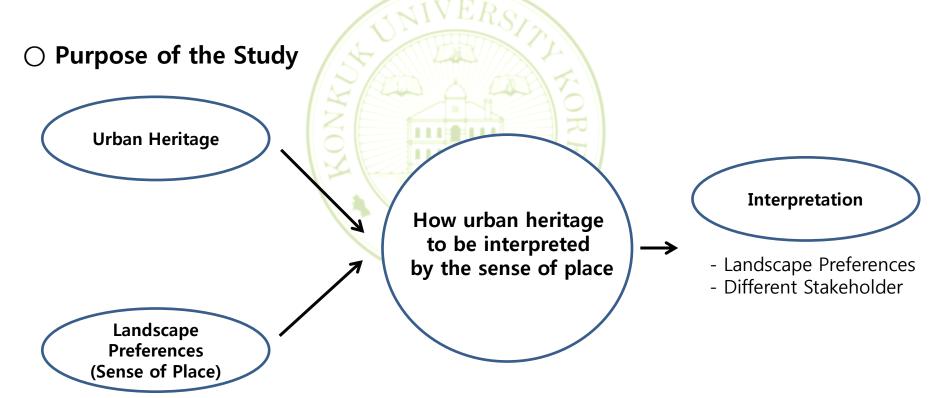
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1. Introduction

- Urban Heritage Value
 - Integrated Approaches (Urban heritage + Development)
 - ⇒ The urban culture and heritage are emphasized for urban regeneration tasks

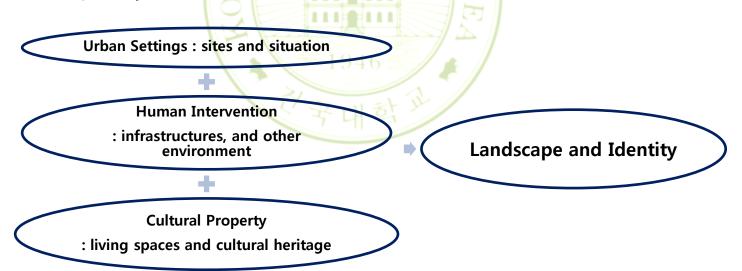




2. Conceptual Framework

○ Urban Heritage

- The term of 'Urban Heritage' was introduced by Gustavo Giovannoni (early in 20c)
- The ranges of the urban heritage (UNESCO, 2013)
 - · Monumental heritage of exceptional cultural value
 - · Non-exceptional heritage elements but present in a coherent way with a relative abundance
 - · New urban elements
- Place of Multiple Layers





2. Conceptual Framework

○ Urban Heritage



○ Sense of Place

- Sense of place is a useful tool significantly relevant to understanding **how people interact**with their environment and how this interaction may become more sustainable

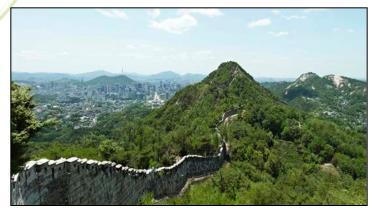


Historic City Management

- Seoul Metropolitan Government
 - · Historic Urban Centre Management Masterplan (2014)
 - : The principles are based on the '5Cs(credibility, conservation, capacity-building, communication, communities and sustainable development)' strategy of UNESCO
 - · Management Plan for the Seoul City Wall Villages (2014)
 - : Cultural Historic Assets + Living Heritage = Conservation and Management of the Villages
- Urban regeneration paradigm in Korea has been shifted from the concept of new-build rennovaiton to **the management considering the historicity(time) and spatiality(space)**



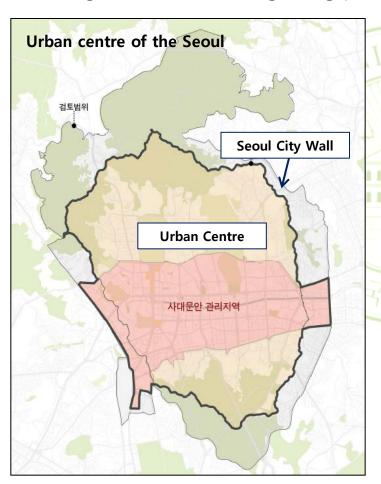






○ The Seoul City Wall Villages

- 22 villages in 9 districts regarding proximity, history, community and institutional standards







○ Landscape factors are classified by five elements(Lynch, 1960)

- Elements involving different values of 1) heritage, 2) residence, 3) touristic attractiveness

Image Factors	Contents
Path	town passage connecting City Wall, stairway with drawing, underpass way, narrow alley between houses, common stairway and alley, road with temporary parking lot
Edge	fence, exterior wall painting of houses, building's exterior wall with sculpture exterior tiled wall of buildings with an image of City Wall, plant(or flowers) wall, house exterior wall where plant pot are lied, Seoul City Wall with night lightening
District	public housing complexes, private vegetable garden, park, plaza, traditional housing area
Node	bus stop, crossroads, supermarket, cafe, museum, national heritage, public rest area, public restroom decorated with drawings, senior citizens' centre
Landmark	Seoul City Wall, national heritage, park



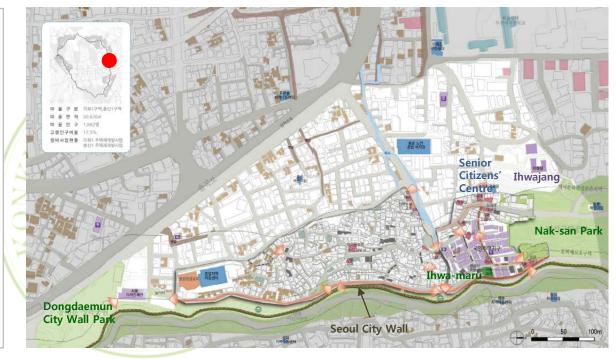
Ihwa Village

- Extent : 50,676m²

- **Population : 1,882** (2014)

- Backgrounds

1958, Housing regeneration project1968, Citizen apartment was built1997, Public park near the SeoulCity Wall was established2000, Mural village project













Ihwa Village



'Ihwa-maru' Vegetable Garden



Seoul City Wall



Traditional House District



Ihwajang(Old House)



Senior Citizens' Centre





Passage connecting to the City Wall



Stairway





Alley with Drawings or Sculptures



Jang-su Village

- Extent: 130,181m²

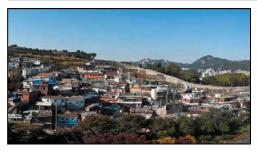
- **Population : 3,986** (2014)

- Backgrounds

1945~, Influx of the people who came back from Japan after Korea's Independence

1970s, New town renovation project 2000s, Social enterprise 'Mok-su' activating regeneration with community's participation













Jang-su Village



Plant Wall

Stairway with Drawings



Seoul City Wall



Samgunbu Chongmudang (Old Military Office)



Samsun Park









Senior Citizens' Rest Area



Senior Citizens' Centre



House gate having distinctive drawings



Buk-jeong Village

- Extent: 213,983m²

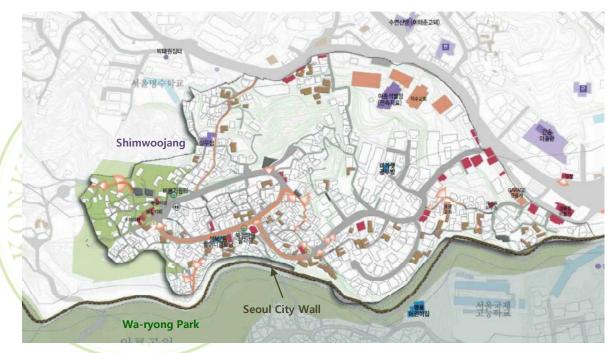
- **Population : 5,163** (2014)

- Backgrounds

1930, Residential land development by Japanase conlonial gov.

1968, Renovation project towards nonlicensed housings

2009, Regional art network was established











Buk-jeong Village



Shimwoo-jang (Old House)



Seoul City Wall



Night view of the passage connecting to the City Wall



Public restroom decorated with drawings





Senior Citizens' Centre & Rest Area



Bus Stop



Supermarket, Cafe



Narrow alley between houses



○ Research Methods

1) Questionnaire Survey and In-depth Interviews

- Date : from Aug. 22. ~ Oct. 16. 2016
- Target : Residents ,Government Agencies, Experts related to cultural heritage, Visitors
- Element : Landscape factors in the Seoul City Wall Villages(Ihwa, Jang-su, Buk-jeong)
- Result: Total 398 usable questionnaires were obtained









○ Research Methods

2) Factor Analysis

- Factor analysis is used for classification of common factors using landscape preference scores
- These common factors will be used for categories of different values(heritage, residence, tour)

3) Application of the total preference scores into the different category of the values

- Total scores of each landscape element which evaluated by different stakeholder are calculated
- These scores will be applied into the different categories of values which are obtained from the factor analysis

Research Objective

- Questionnaire Survey and In-depth Interviews
 - 1) to find the landscape preference scores (range from 1 to 5) of different stakeholder
 - 2) to study the backgrounds or reasons why these landscape elements are preferred or not
- Factor analysis of the Landscape Elements
 - 1) to find the extent to which each variable is associated with each set of **common factors**
 - 2) to <u>categorize different characteristics</u> of the landscape elements
- Application of the total preference scores into the different category of the values
 - 1) to find what kind of value is preferred by each group (resident, government agency etc)
 - 2) to analyze **which value is important in each village**(Ihwa, Jang-su, Buk-jeong)



○ Findings through Factor Analysis

- Ihwa Village

Rotated Factor Matrix						
Factor						
	1	2	3	4	5	6
V9	0.848	0.042	-0.135	0.046	0.099	0.143
V5	0.825	0.077	-0.045	0.057	-0.052	0.092
V18	0.763	-0.069	0.237	-0.125	0.237	0.009
V20	0.701	0.073	0.177	0.039	0.249	-0.338
V12	0.678	0.160	-0.048	0.107	0.094	0.393
V7	-0.002	0.850	-0.034	0.034	-0.032	0.021
V2	-0.051	0.838	0.104	-0.109	0.119	0.015
V13	0.126	0.696	0.166	0.263	0.041	-0.027
V14	0.375	0.671	0.103	-0.061	0.032	0.356
V19	0.059	0.618	0.391	-0.167	0.199	-0.154
V17	-0.002	0.196	0.795	0.155	0.138	0.027
V6	0.048	0.160	0.760	0.109	-0.023	0.124
V3	0.137	0.002	0.604	-0.048	0.035	0.583
V1	0.237	-0.019	-0.150	0.827	0.188	0.001
V4	0.094	0.036	0.396	0.659	-0.111	0.119
V16	-0.384	-0.016	0.232	0.646	0.124	-0.049
V8	0.033	0.162	-0.217	0.534	0.103	0.334
V11	0.187	0.081	-0.107	0.087	0.804	0.196
V15	0.183	0.112	0.207	0.071	0.686	0.057
V10	0.022	0.036	0.179	0.080	0.394	0.726

Characteristic	Elements(Variable)		
Heritage Value	Ihwajang(V. 9) Seoul City Wall(V. 5) Park near the City Wall(V.18,20) Traditional House Complex(V.12)		
Tourist	Wall with sculptures(V.7,13) Wall with drawings(V.2,19) Town Museum(V.14)		
Attractiveness	Plant Wall(V.11) Distinctive Underpass way(V.15)		
Docidontial	Supermarket(V.17) Stairway(V.6) Citizen Housing Complex(V.3)		
Residential Value	Passage near the City Wall(V.1) Senior Citizen's Centre(V.4) Fence(V.16) Vegetable Garden(V.8)		

○ Findings through Factor Analysis

- Jang-su Village

Rotated Factor Matrix								
	Factor							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
V2	0.863	-0.043	0.246	0.148	0.045	0.001	0.149	
V6	0.844	0.110	0.052	0.206	0.254	-0.036	0.147	
V18	0.735	0.067	0.048	-0.349	0.049	0.096	-0.051	
V17	0.592	0.429	-0.147	0.062	0.201	0.341	-0.052	
V9	0.168	0.681	-0.064	0.356	0.163	0.232	-0.067	
V12	0.071	0.633	0.141	0.153	-0.211	0.153	0.314	
V15	0.417	0.488	0.123	0.230	0.009	0.208	-0.351	
V1	0.139	0.027	0.760	-0.036	0.118	0.235	0.199	
V11	0.122	0.264	0.709	0.203	-0.109	-0.105	0.044	
V14	0.006	0.173	0.610	0.298	0.325	0.271	-0.136	
V3	0.016	0.062	0.009	0.861	0.122	0.163	0.178	
V7	0.219	0.139	0.319	0.633	-0.032	0.008	-0.367	
V4	-0.076	0.303	0.205	0.602	0.048	-0.420	-0.027	
V20	0.148	-0.126	0.068	0.092	0.870	0.058	-0.016	
V13	0.161	-0.066	0.038	-0.017	0.754	0.463	-0.043	
V10	0.260	0.471	0.116	0.012	0.711	0.049	0.051	
V16	0.198	0.087	0.207	0.144	0.122	0.854	0.067	
V8	-0.178	0.332	0.157	0.153	-0.039	0.701	0.367	
V5	0.140	0.177	0.138	0.002	-0.037	0.053	0.834	
V19	0.111	0.363	0.005	0.064	0.262	0.276	0.406	

Characteristic	Elements(Variable)		
Heritage	Samsun Park(V. 16) Samgunbu-Chongmudang(V.8)		
Value	Seoul City Wall(V. 5) Memorial Stone(V.19)		
Tourist	Wall with drawings(V.2) Stairway with drawings(V.6) Distinctive house gate(V.18) Wall with sculptures(V.17)		
Attractiveness	Cafe(V.9) Plant Wall(V.12) Wall with tiled sculpture(V.15)		
Residential	Passage near the City Wall(V.1,11) Sign of the village(V.14)		
Value	Plaza(V.3) Fence(V.7) Bus Stop(V.4)		

○ Findings through Factor Analysis

- Buk-jeong Village

Rotated Factor Matrix							
	Factor						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
V18	0.801	-0.006	0.208	-0.033	-0.009	0.076	
V15	0.785	-0.012	0.195	-0.021	0.125	0.009	
V20	0.782	0.221	-0.052	0.049	0.046	0.113	
V9	0.779	0.249	-0.012	-0.098	-0.031	0.091	
V5	0.088	0.842	-0.006	0.006	0.092	-0.001	
V14	0.211	0.779	0.199	-0.012	-0.149	0.099	
V1	0.051	0.598	0.368	-0.222	0.429	0.278	
V11	0.427	0.443	-0.146	0.313	-0.092	0.438	
V3	0.104	0.113	0.816	0.119	0.035	-0.134	
V2	0.006	0.170	0.783	0.218	-0.086	0.237	
V13	0.180	-0.123	0.550	-0.165	0.437	0.283	
V16	-0.303	0.194	0.535	0.396	0.038	0.378	
V4	0.252	0.230	0.504	0.365	0.231	-0.407	
V6	-0.144	-0.021	-0.019	0.848	0.172	0.008	
V10	-0.009	-0.140	0.215	0.757	0.054	0.092	
V8	-0.038	0.291	0.171	0.507	0.250	-0.335	
V7	0.265	0.341	0.398	0.439	-0.154	0.145	
V17	-0.098	0.138	-0.005	0.143	0.832	-0.278	
V12	0.206	-0.082	-0.002	0.439	0.729	0.132	
V19	0.287	0.171	0.186	0.087	-0.040	0.797	

Characteristic Elements(Variable)				
Heritage Value	Seoul City Wall(V. 5) Shimwoojang(V.14) Passage near the City Wall(V.1) Night-view of the Passage(V.11)			
Tourist	Wall with drawings(V.18,15,9) Wall used for Exhibition(V.20)			
Attractiveness	Park near the City Wall(V.11) Public Restroom with Drawings(V.15)			
Residential Value	Vegetable Garden(V.3) Wall where plant pots are lied(V.2) Road with temporary parking lot(V.13) Rest Area(V.16) Bus Stop(V.4)			
DSDal	Stairway(V.6) Narrow Alley(V.10) Senior Citizen's Centre(V.8) Supermarket & Cafe(V.7)			

Findings of Characteristics of Landscape Components

	Ihwa	Jang-su	Buk-jeong
Government Agency	Heritage Value · Seoul City Wall · Ihwajang(Old House) · Park near City Wall	Tourist Attractiveness · Samsun park · Plant wall (artificial) · Exterior tiled wall with image of City Wall	Tourist Attractiveness Exterior wall painting Building's exterior wall with sculpture Housing wall used for exhibition of art
Residents	Residential Value · Vegetable garden · Senior citizens' centre · Passage connecting to the city wall	Residential Value · Senior citizens' centre · House gate having distictive drawings · Passage near the City Wall	Residential Value · Supermarket & Cafe · Bus stop · Rest area
Related Research Institute	Heritage Value · Seoul City Wall · Traditional House District · Park near the City Wall	Heritage Value · Seoul City Wall · Samgunbu Chongmu-dang (Old Military Office Bdg.) · Samsun Park	Tourist Attractiveness Seoul City WallNightview of the passageShimwoojang(Old House)
Visitors	Heritage Value · Seoul City Wall · Ihwajang(Old House) · Park near City Wall	Tourist Attractiveness · Stairway with drawings · Plant wall (artificial) · Seoul City Wall	Tourist Attractiveness Nightview of the passagePassage near the City WallPublic restroom with drawing



Findings through the In-depth Interviews

- In-depth Interviews with residents, government agencies, related researcher and visitors
- Main Issue : Quality of community's life
 - 1) Problems of poor maintenance in landscape
 - 2) Conflict between overwhelming tourists and residents of the villages

○ Interpretation

- Residents
 - · tend to favour facilities for the life convenience such as senior citizens' centre, rest area etc

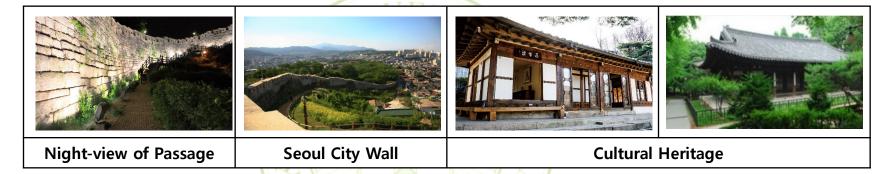


- Government Agency
 - · have intention of improving the heritage value and tourist attractiveness
 - · decorating housing walls with painting or sculptures which represent the regional culture



○ Interpretation

- Related Research Institute
 - · focus on the importance of value of historic and cultural assets

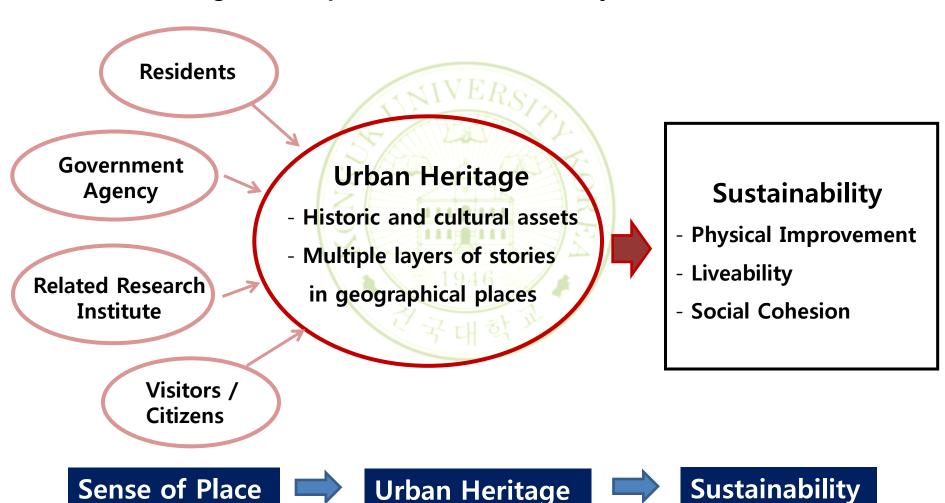


- Visitors
 - · preference on the toursit attraction as well as aesthetic public spaces



4. Discussion

○ Urban Heritage in Perspectives of Sustainability



4. Discussion

O Discussion of the Urban Heritage and Sense of Place

Historicity(time)



Spatiality(space)



Multiple Layers

- Time-mixed urban environment involves individual experiences and perceptions of the place
- **Understanding various ideas of stakeholder** needs to become **a preceding method** for management policy or strategy of heritage sites.
- **Integrated approach** for a heritage management concerning diverse aspects on **sense of place** is needed for keeping the local identity.







Thank you for Listening

감사합니다